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Protect yourself against predatory lending

Predatory lenders usually target those who, because of a poor credit history or limited income, believe they cannot afford a traditional mortgage. While the elderly and people in low-income neighborhoods are the typical targets, no one is

immune to predatory lenders.

"Home owners seeking to refinance a mortgage or to obtain a home equity loan to pay bills or make home improvements are especially vulnerable," says Peter J. Birnbaum, president and CEO

of Attorneys' Title Guaranty
Fund Inc., a company with
headquarters in Chicago,
whose membership comprises
3,500 independent real estate
attorneys.

Many organizations such as the American Association of Retired Persons and the media have tried to educate the public about the problem of predatory lending. Congress is now considering legislation, and many states have passed laws that attempt to restrict predatory lending by imposing hefty penalties on those who engage in the practice. Sadly, the problem persists, Birnbaum says.

There are, however, ways to avoid these scams. Predatory lenders are often good salespeople who want to make a fast buck at the expense of the mortgage seeker. But they send out signals that an educated consumer will recognize. These include:

Recommending that you apply for more money than you need and that you accept monthly payments that you really don't believe you can make; Suggesting that you gloss over or falsify even the smallest bit of information on your loan application;

Misrepresenting the type of credit you're getting; for example, calling a one-time loan a "line of credit".

Promising one set of terms when you apply, then giving you another set of terms to sign:

Encouraging you to sign forms that fail to disclose important financial terms. "It is unwise to make major financial decisions based solely on an unsolicited phone call or sales literature from an unknown company." Birnbaum says. "If something sounds too good to be true, it probably is."

Birnbaum suggests taking the initiative to contact three or four banks, savings and loans, credit unions, and mortgage companies, to inquire about the best loan for which you qualify, and see how they compare. You will need to obtain the following information from each institution:

Annual percentage rate (APR), points, and fees. The APR is extremely important, along with whether the rate is fixed or adjustable. You will need to know the terms of the loan, including the number of points and fees each institution charges, so that you know whether you can afford the down payment and what the actual monthly payment will be. Keep in mind that you will also have to pay real estate taxes in addition to other routine expenditures.

Terms of balloon payment. If the rate is adjustable, there will be a "balloon payment," a large payment due at the end of the loan term, usually after a series of low payments have been made. If you cannot come up with the money, you may need another loan which means new closing costs, points, and fees. Predatory lenders often contact borrowers shortly after their loans have closed and offer refinancing with excessively high fees to "eliminate" the balloon payment.

Pre-payment penalty. Find out if there is a penalty if you

decide to pay off the loan ahead of schedule and also whether the interest rate on the loan will increase if you default. Predatory lenders are often inflexible about these issues whereas a credible lender may be willing to negotiate both of these terms out of your loan agreement.

Credit insurance. Most people really don't need credit insurance, yet unscrupulous lenders will encourage it, thereby increasing their profit and decreasing the chances that the buyer will be able to make his or her monthly payments.

If you're contemplating the purchase of a home or taking out a second mortgage, Birnbaum recommends hiring an attorney before you make a final selection on a lender. "A real estate attorney can help you make the loan decision that is best for you and your circumstances," he says. "For a relatively small investment, an attorney is an advocate in your corner right up to the closing when you take ownership of your new home."

Founded in 1964, ATG is the premier lawyer-service organization for the benefit of the profession and the public. In addition to providing title insurance to home buyers and lenders, the company now offers - through its network of 3,500 member-lawyers - a variety of investment and other services delivered by subsidiary companies. These subsidiaries include a trust company, a mortgage bank, a real estate brokerage company and a real estate auction company.